

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A UTRAN (UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunication System) Terrestrial Radio Access Network) transmitter in a mobile communication system

5 having at least four antennas, comprising:

a first adder connected to a first antenna that adds a first spread signal obtained by spreading a first symbol pattern with a first orthogonal code, after transmission power control, to a second spread signal obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a second orthogonal code being orthogonal with the first

10 orthogonal code, after transmission power control;

a second adder connected to a second antenna that adds the first spread signal to a third spread signal obtained by spreading a first inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the first symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control;

15 a third adder connected to a third antenna that adds a fourth spread signal obtained by spreading a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the first orthogonal code, after transmission power control, to a fifth spread signal obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control; and

20 a fourth adder connected to a fourth antenna, for adding the fourth spread signal to a sixth spread signal obtained by spreading a second inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control.

25 2. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transmission power control is performed by multiplying the symbol pattern by a gain constant that enables receivers that receive the transmitted signals to have the same

cell radius.

3. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 1, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

5

4. A UTRAN transmitter in a mobile communication system having at least four antennas, comprising:

a first adder connected to a first antenna that adds a first spread signal, obtained by spreading a first symbol pattern with a first orthogonal code, to a second
10 spread signal obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a second orthogonal code;

a second adder connected to a second antenna that adds the first spread signal to a third spread signal obtained by spreading a first inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the first symbol pattern with the second symbol pattern;

15 a third adder connected to a third antenna that adds a fourth spread signal, obtained by spreading a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the first orthogonal code, to a fifth spread signal obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code;

a fourth adder connected to a fourth antenna that adds the fourth spread
20 signal to a sixth spread signal obtained by spreading a second inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code;

a fifth adder connected to a fifth antenna that adds a seventh spread signal obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a third orthogonal code, to an
25 eighth spread signal obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a fourth orthogonal code;

a sixth adder connected to a sixth antenna that adds the seventh spread

signal to a ninth spread signal obtained by spreading the first inverted symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code;

a seventh adder connected to a seventh antenna that adds a tenth spread signal, obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the third orthogonal
5 code, to an eleventh spread signal obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code; and

an eighth adder connected to an eighth antenna that adds the tenth spread signal to a twelfth spread signal obtained by spreading the second inverted symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code.

10

5. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 4, wherein the first orthogonal code is different from the third orthogonal code and the second orthogonal code is different from the fourth orthogonal code.

15

6. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 4, wherein when the first orthogonal code is identical to the third orthogonal code and the second orthogonal code is identical to the fourth orthogonal code, then a first scrambling code applied to output signals of the first to fourth antennas is set to be different from a second scrambling code applied to output signals of the fifth to eighth

20 antennas.

7. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 4, wherein the transmitter selects only the number of antenna's transmission of specific signals among the output signals of the first to eighth antennas, when the number of
25 antennas is less than eight.

8. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 4, wherein the symbol

pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

9. A UTRAN transmitter in a mobile communication system having at least four antennas, comprising:

- 5 a first multiplier connected to a first antenna that spreads a first symbol pattern with an orthogonal code;
- a second multiplier connected to a second antennas that spreads the first symbol pattern with the orthogonal code;
- a third multiplier connected to a third antenna that spreads a second symbol
- 10 pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the orthogonal code; and
- a fourth multiplier connected to a fourth antenna that spreads the second symbol pattern with the orthogonal code.

10. The UTRAN transmitter as claimed in claim 9, wherein the symbol

15 pattern is a data symbol pattern.

11. A data transmission method in a UTRAN for a mobile communication system having at least four antennas, comprising the steps of:

- adding a first spread signal, obtained by spreading a first symbol pattern
- 20 with a first orthogonal code after transmission power control, to a second spread signal, obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a second orthogonal code being orthogonal with the first orthogonal code after transmission power control, and transmitting the added signal through a first antenna;
- adding the first spread signal to a third spread signal obtained by spreading a
- 25 first inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the first symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control, and transmitting the added signal through a second antenna;

adding a fourth spread signal, obtained by spreading a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the first orthogonal code after transmission power control, to a fifth spread signal, obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control, and transmitting the added signal through a third antenna; and

adding the fourth spread signal to a sixth spread signal obtained by spreading a second inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code after transmission power control, and transmitting the added signal through a fourth antenna.

10

12. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the transmission power control is performed by multiplying the symbol pattern by a gain constant that enables receivers that receive the transmitted signals to have the same cell radius.

15

13. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

14. A data transmission method in a UTRAN transmitter for a mobile communication system having at least four antennas, comprising the steps of:

adding a first spread signal, obtained by spreading a first symbol pattern with a first orthogonal code, to a second spread signal, obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a second orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a first antenna;

25 adding the first spread signal to a third spread signal obtained by spreading a first inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the first symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a second

antenna;

adding a fourth spread signal obtained by spreading a second symbol pattern, being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the first orthogonal code, to a fifth spread signal, obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the
 5 second orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a third antenna;

adding the fourth spread signal to a sixth spread signal obtained by spreading a second inverted symbol pattern obtained by phase-inverting the second symbol pattern with the second orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a fourth antenna;

10 adding a seventh spread signal, obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a third orthogonal code, to an eighth spread signal, obtained by spreading the first symbol pattern with a fourth orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a fifth antenna;

adding the seventh spread signal to a ninth spread signal obtained by
 15 spreading the first inverted symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through a sixth antenna;

adding a tenth spread signal, obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the third orthogonal code, to an eleventh spread signal, obtained by spreading the second symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code, and
 20 transmitting the added signal through a seventh antenna; and

adding the tenth spread signal to a twelfth spread signal obtained by spreading the second inverted symbol pattern with the fourth orthogonal code, and transmitting the added signal through an eighth antenna.

25 15. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the first orthogonal code is different from the third orthogonal code and the second orthogonal code is different from the fourth orthogonal code.

16. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 14, wherein when the first orthogonal code is identical to the third orthogonal code and the second orthogonal code is identical to the fourth orthogonal code, then a first scrambling
5 code applied to output signals of the first to fourth antennas is different from a second scrambling code applied to output signals of the fifth to eighth antennas.

17. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 14, further comprising the step of controlling transmission of specific signals among the output
10 signals of the first to eighth antennas when the number of antennas is less than eight.

18. A data transmission method in a UTRAN transmitter for a mobile communication system having at least four antennas, comprising the steps of:

spreading a first symbol pattern with an orthogonal code, and transmitting
15 the spread signal through a first antenna;

spreading the first symbol pattern with the orthogonal code, and transmitting the spread signal through a second antenna;

spreading a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern with the orthogonal code, and transmitting the spread signal through a third
20 antenna; and

spreading the second symbol pattern with the orthogonal code, and transmitting the spread signal through a fourth antenna.

19. The data transmission method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the
25 symbol pattern is a data symbol pattern.

20. A UE (User Equipment) receiver in a mobile communication

system, wherein the UE receiver receives signals transmitted from a UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four antennas, comprising:

a plurality of despreaders for generating a first despread signal despread
 5 using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern of the received signals, generating a second despread signal despread using the first orthogonal code and a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, generating a third despread signal despread using a second orthogonal code being orthogonal with the first orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, and generating a fourth
 10 despread signal despread using the second orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and

a plurality of adders for generating a first channel estimation signal by adding a reception power-controlled signal of the first despread signal to a reception power-controlled signal of the third despread signal, generating a second channel
 15 estimation signal by adding a reception power-controlled signal of the second despread signal to a reception power-controlled signal of the fourth despread signal, generating a third channel estimation signal by subtracting a reception power-controlled signal of the third despread signal from a reception power-controlled signal of the first despread signal, and generating a fourth channel estimation signal
 20 by subtracting a reception power-controlled signal of the fourth despread signal from a reception power-controlled signal of the second despread signal.

21. The UE receiver as claimed in claim 20, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

25

22. The UE receiver as claimed in claim 20, wherein the reception power control is performed by multiplying a reciprocal of a gain constant used by

the UTRAN transmitter when controlling transmission power of the respective antennas.

23. A UE receiver in a mobile communication system, wherein the UE
5 receiver receives signals transmitted from a UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four antennas, comprising:

a plurality of despreaders for generating a first despread signal despread using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern of the received signals, generating a second despread signal despread using the first orthogonal code and a
10 second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, generating a third despread signal despread using a second orthogonal code being orthogonal with the first orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, generating a fourth despread signal despread using the second orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern, generating a fifth despread signal despread using a third orthogonal code and the
15 first symbol pattern, generating a sixth despread signal despread using the third orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern, generating a seventh despread signal despread using a fourth orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, and generating an eighth despread signal despread using the fourth orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and

20 a plurality of adders for generating a first channel estimation signal by adding the first despread signal to the third despread signal, generating a second channel estimation signal by adding the second despread signal to the fourth despread signal, generating a third channel estimation signal by subtracting the third despread signal from the first despread signal, generating a fourth channel
25 estimation signal by subtracting the fourth despread signal from the second despread signal, generating a fifth channel estimation signal by adding the fifth spread signal to the seventh despread signal, generating a sixth channel estimation signal by

adding the sixth despread signal to the eighth despread signal, generating a seventh channel estimation signal by subtracting the seventh despread signal from the fifth despread signal, and generating an eighth channel estimation signal by subtracting the eighth despread signal from the sixth despread signal.

5

24. The UE receiver as claimed in claim 23, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

25. A UE receiver in a mobile communication system, wherein the UE receiver receives signals transmitted from a UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four antennas, comprising:

a plurality of despanders for generating a first despread signal despread using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern of the received signals, generating a second despread signal despread using the first orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, generating a third despread signal despread using the first orthogonal code and a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, and generating a fourth despread signal despread using the first orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and

a plurality of adders for generating a first channel estimation signal by adding the first despread signal to the third despread signal, generating a second channel estimation signal by adding the second despread signal to the fourth despread signal, generating a third channel estimation signal by subtracting the third despread signal from the first despread signal, and generating a fourth channel estimation signal by subtracting the fourth despread signal from the second despread signal.

26. The UE receiver as claimed in claim 25, wherein the symbol pattern

is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

27. A data reception method in a UE receiver for a mobile communication system, wherein the UE receiver receives signals transmitted from a
5 UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four antennas, comprising the steps of:

despreading the received signals into a first despread signal using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a second despread signal using the first orthogonal code and a second symbol pattern
10 being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a third despread signal using a second orthogonal code being orthogonal with the first orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a fourth despread signal using the second orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and
15 estimating a first channel signal by adding a reception power-controlled signal of the first despread signal to a reception power-controlled signal of the third despread signal, estimating a second channel estimation signal by adding a reception power-controlled signal of the second despread signal to a reception power-controlled signal of the fourth despread signal, estimating a third channel estimation
20 signal by subtracting a reception power-controlled signal of the third despread signal from a reception power-controlled signal of the first despread signal, and estimating a fourth channel estimation signal by subtracting a reception power-controlled signal of the fourth despread signal from a reception power-controlled signal of the second despread signal.

25

28. The data reception method as claimed in claim 27, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

29. The data reception method as claimed in claim 27, wherein the reception power control is performed by multiplying a reciprocal of a gain constant used by the UTRAN transmitter when controlling transmission power of the
5 respective antennas.

30. A data reception method in a UE receiver for a mobile communication system, wherein the UE receiver receives signals transmitted from a UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four
10 antennas, comprising the steps of:

despreading the received signals into a first despread signal using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a second despread signal using the first orthogonal code and a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into
15 a third despread signal using the second orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signal into a fourth despread signal using the second orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a fifth despread signal using a third orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a sixth despread signal using the third
20 orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern, despreading the received signal into a seventh despread signal using a fourth orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, and despreading the received signals into an eighth despread signal using the fourth orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and

estimating a first channel signal by adding the first despread signal to the
25 third despread signal, estimating a second channel signal by adding the second despread signal to the fourth despread signal, estimating a third channel signal by subtracting the third despread signal from the first despread signal, estimating a

fourth channel signal by subtracting the fourth despread signal from the second despread signal, estimating a fifth channel signal by adding the fifth spread signal to the seventh despread signal, estimating a sixth channel signal by adding the sixth despread signal to the eighth despread signal, estimating a seventh channel signal by subtracting the seventh despread signal from the fifth despread signal, and estimating an eighth channel signal by subtracting the eighth despread signal from the sixth despread signal.

31. The data reception method as claimed in claim 30, wherein the symbol pattern is one of a pilot symbol pattern and a data symbol pattern.

32. A data reception method in a UE receiver for a mobile communication system, wherein the UE receiver receives signals transmitted from a UTRAN transmitter supporting a transmit diversity technique having at least four antennas, comprising the steps of:

despreading the received signals into a first despread signal using a first orthogonal code and a first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a second despread signal using the first orthogonal code and the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a third despread signal using the first orthogonal code and a second symbol pattern being orthogonal with the first symbol pattern, despreading the received signals into a fourth despread signal using the first orthogonal code and the second symbol pattern; and

estimating a first channel signal by adding the first despread signal to the third despread signal, estimating a second channel signal by adding the second despread signal to the fourth despread signal, estimating a third channel signal by subtracting the third despread signal from the first despread signal, and estimating a fourth channel signal by subtracting the fourth despread signal from the second

despread signal.

33. The data reception method as claimed in claim 32, wherein the symbol pattern is a data symbol pattern.